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13	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
14	COUNTY OF ORANGE Commissioner Robert Kohler		
15	KRYSTAL SLOCUM, an individual; Plaintiff,	Case No. 30-2022-01289723-CU-PO-CJC	
16	V.	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES for:	
17	ANAHEIM UNION HIGH SCHOOL	 Negligence Negligent Supervision and Retention 	
18	DISTRICT; and DOES 1-10,	Filed Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure	
19	Defendants.	Section 340.1, as Amended by Assembly Bill 218	
20		[Jury Trial Demanded]	
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24	Plaintiff Krystal Slocum (hereinafter, "Plaintiff") bring this action against Defendants		
25	Anaheim Union High School District ("AUHSD"); and DOES 1-10 (together, "Defendants"), and		
26	based on information and belief allege as follows:		
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 1. Plaintiff is a victim of sexual battery, assault, abuse, and harassment at the hands of Defendants. David Sepe ("Sepe"), a current employee of AUHSD, used his role as a teacher to gain access to and assault Plaintiff. Defendants knowingly, intentionally, willfully, deliberately, and recklessly fostered a pervasive and hostile environment that utterly disregarded the rights and safety of young students who entrusted Defendants with their education and safety. As a result, these young students have suffered humiliation, shame, and torment that continue to impact them on a daily basis.

PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff is an adult female presently residing in California. Plaintiff was born in 1985.
- 3. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiff was residing in Orange County, California. Plaintiff was a minor throughout the period of childhood sexual assault alleged herein. Plaintiff brings this Complaint pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 340.1, as amended by Assembly Bill 218, for the childhood sexual assault they suffered at the hands of Defendants. Plaintiff's claims for damages suffered as a result of childhood sexual assault are timely filed as this Complaint is filed within 22 years of the date plaintiff attained the age of majority, and before December 31, 2022. Pursuant to California Government Code Section 905(m), as amended by Assembly Bill 218, Plaintiff is specifically exempt from the claims presentation requirement for their claims against Defendant AUHSD.
- 4. Defendant AUHSD at all times mentioned herein was and is a public entity of unknown form having its principal place of business in Anaheim, California. AUHSD purposely conducts substantial educational business activities in the State of California, and was the primary entity owning, operating, and controlling Savanna High School ("Savanna HS"), and the activities and behavior of its employee and agent Sepe.
- 5. On information and belief, Sepe has served as a teacher to minor students of AUHSD since approximately 1996 and remains so employed. Sepe served as a teacher at Savanna HS for many years, before he was transferred to Katella High School in AUHSD.

- 6. Pursuant to California Government Code sections 815.2 and 820, AUHSD is liable through the acts or omissions of its employees, agents, servants and/or joint venturers acting within the course and scope of their employment.
- 7. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, partnership, associate, or otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1-10, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff. Accordingly, Plaintiff sues DOES 1-10 by such fictitious names pursuant to section 474 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when they are ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believe and thereon allege that DOES 1-10 are legally responsible in some manner for the events, happenings, and/or tortious and unlawful conduct that caused the injuries and damages alleged in this Complaint.
- 8. On information and belief, at all times material hereto, Defendants were the agents, representatives, servants, employees, partners, and/or joint venturers of each and every other Defendant and were acting within the course and scope of said alternative capacity, identity, agency, representation and/or employment and were within the scope of their authority, whether actual or apparent. Each of the Defendants is responsible in some manner for one or more of the events and happenings described herein. Each Defendant approved and/or ratified the conduct of each other Defendant. Consequently, each Defendant is jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff for the damages sustained as a proximate result of his, her, or its conduct. Each of the Defendants proximately caused the injuries and damages alleged.
- 9. Each of the Defendants aided and abetted each other Defendant. Each Defendant knowingly gave substantial assistance to each other Defendant who performed the wrongful conduct alleged herein. Accordingly, each Defendant is jointly and severally liable for the damages proximately caused by each other Defendant's wrongful conduct.
- 10. Each of the Defendants is, and at all relevant times herein mentioned was, the coconspirator of each other Defendant, and, therefore, each Defendant is jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff for the damages sustained as a proximate result of each other Defendant. Each Defendant entered into an express or implied agreement with each of the other Defendants to commit the

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wrongs herein alleged. This includes, but is not limited to, the conspiracy to perpetrate sexual violence against Plaintiff and other young students of Defendant AUHSD.

11. Whenever reference is made to "Defendants" in this Complaint, such allegation shall be deemed to mean the acts of Defendants acting individually, jointly, and/or severally.

GENERAL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- Defendants Employed Sepe and Provided Him Unrestricted Access to Minor Students, Enabling Sepe to Groom and Sexually Assault Plaintiff.
- 12. On information and belief, Defendant AUHSD hired Sepe to work as a teacher within AUHSD. At all times relevant hereto, Sepe was an adult male who worked as a teacher at Savanna HS. In his role as a teacher at Savanna HS, Sepe was under the direct supervision, employ, agency, and control of AUHSD, and worked closely with students, including Plaintiff.
- 13. As a teacher, and with the endorsement of Defendant AUHSD, Sepe stood in a position of power, respect, confidence, trust, and authority amongst Plaintiff and numerous other young students.

Sepe Grooms and Sexually Assaults Plaintiff.

- 14. In or around the 2000-2001 school year, Plaintiff was a sophomore at Savanna HS within AUHSD. AUHSD enrolled Plaintiff in Sepe's history class, wherein Sepe was employed to teach Plaintiff. At this time, Plaintiff was approximately 15 years old.
- 15. Using his authority as Plaintiff's teacher, Sepe began grooming Plaintiff throughout that academic year. Sepe's sexual grooming of Plaintiff was open and obvious, and Defendant AUHSD should have noticed the grooming and taken steps to inquire or investigate Sepe's conduct. On information and belief, several students and teachers observed and were aware of the inappropriate amount of time Sepe spent with Plaintiff, and Sepe's flirtatious behavior toward Plaintiff. Throughout this year, Plaintiff and several other girls would spend time and eat lunch in Sepe's classroom. It was well-known on campus that Sepe had "groupies," all of whom were young female students that spent an inappropriate amount of time with him. In fact, when Sepe revealed that he would dress up as Batman for Halloween, Plaintiff and some of the other girls decided to dress as the "Batgirls" to complement his costume. Many of these young girls would spend hours

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in his classroom after school, sometimes spending time with him into the evening. On information and belief, it was obvious to teachers, students, and staff that, although these girls were spending time on campus with Sepe, these afternoon and evening hours were not just spent on school activities.

- 16. On one occasion, Plaintiff wrote a short story for her English class wherein she was fawning over Mr. Sepe. After reading the story, a teacher at AUHSD pulled Plaintiff aside and told her to stay away from Sepe because he was a "bad guy." On information and belief, that teacher failed to take any additional action or protect Plaintiff from Sepe. Furthermore, AUHSD failed to take any action.
- 17. During Plaintiff's junior year, when she was only 16 years old, Sepe selected Plaintiff to be his teaching assistant. She would spend almost every day with Sepe, helping him prepare for his classes. By selecting her as a teaching assistant, Sepe demonstrated his clear favoritism and held her out as special. On information and belief, it was well-known to the faculty, staff, administration, and students that Plaintiff spent an inordinate amount of time with Sepe and that their so-called relationship went beyond that of a teacher and student. Unfortunately, AUHSD failed to act, which allowed Sepe continued and consistent access to Plaintiff during the next two years.
- 18. After months of grooming and clearly flirtatious behavior, Sepe began flirting with Plaintiff in his classroom after school. On at least one occasion, Sepe kissed Plaintiff in his classroom. Plaintiff quickly pushed him off, afraid she would get in trouble.
- 19. It was during this same year that Sepe began inviting Plaintiff to visit his apartment in Fullerton. In fact, Plaintiff became so familiar with Sepe's home that she is able to describe its layout in detail. Sepe would take Plaintiff off-campus in his vehicle during the last class period of the day, or immediately after school. After spending time together, Sepe would return to campus to coach sports. On the numerous occasions when Plaintiff visited his apartment, Sepe sexually assaulted Plaintiff.
- 20. Sepe's consistent grooming behaviors and obvious favoritism over the years convinced Plaintiff that Sepe loved her and that they were in a "relationship." His special treatment of her and professions of love, combined with Plaintiff's young age, allowed Sepe to manipulate her

into unwavering loyalty. Even during the months after their sexual "relationship" ended, Plaintiff still found it difficult to admit that Sepe sexually abused her, as she was terrified of getting him in trouble.

- 21. On information and belief, AUHSD did not take any action against Sepe in connection with these events. In fact, AUHSD did not take any action to prevent Sepe from spending inappropriate amounts of time with minor students, flirting with his students, or otherwise acting inappropriately towards minors. Consequently, Sepe was allowed continued access to minor students.
- III. Sepe is Subsequently Arrested for His Sexual Assaults of Another Student Before Being Transferred to Katella High School in AUHSD.
- 22. Shortly after suffering similar sexual abuse as Plaintiff during her senior year, STUDENT 1 confronted Plaintiff regarding the abuse. In response, Plaintiff confirmed that she too had been abused by Sepe and tried to warn STUDENT 1 to stay away from Sepe. Thereafter, STUDENT 1 reported the sexual assaults to a trusted teacher and counselor at Savanna High School. Only then did AUHSD finally take action and report Sepe to law enforcement. Shortly thereafter, Sepe was arrested and tried for his sexual abuse of STUDENT 1.
- During the investigation, law enforcement attempted to confront Plaintiff about the allegations that she too had suffered sexual abuse from Sepe. However, as a result of fear, humiliation, embarrassment, shame, and Sepe's calculated manipulation of her, Plaintiff refused to cooperate with law enforcement and denied that Sepe sexually abused her. On information and belief, law enforcement and the counselors at Savanna HS recognized that Plaintiff was lying, as they approached her numerous times to discuss Sepe and the allegations of abuse. The sheer number of times she was approached and offered the opportunity to make a statement about Sepe's sexual abuse suggests that law enforcement and the counselors at AUHSD knew Plaintiff was lying to protect Sepe out of a misguided sense of loyalty.
- 24. Unfortunately, the prosecution was unable to prove their case beyond a reasonable doubt, and Sepe was acquitted. Despite all of the information learned during this process, on information and belief, Defendant AUHSD re-employed Sepe at Katella High School, in or around

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2008. Instead of protecting their minor students, AUHSD simply moved Sepe to another school within the district.

IV. AUHSD Was Negligent in Its Duties to Plaintiff and Ratified Sepe's Misconduct.

- 25. Plaintiff did not, and were unable to, give free or voluntary consent to the sexual acts perpetrated against them by Sepe as she was a minor at the time of the assaults alleged herein.
- 26. On multiple occasions, Plaintiff was the victim of unlawful grooming, sexual assault, sexual battery, harassment, and abuse by Sepe. The incidents occurred on the Savanna HS property including, but not limited to, the classroom during school and after-school hours, while under the care and supervision of Defendants.
- The sexual acts perpetrated upon Plaintiff constitute childhood sexual assault as 27. defined by California Code of Civil Procedure Section 340.1, as modified by Assembly Bill 218, and were a violation of the California Penal Code, including, but not limited to, Penal Code Sections 226j, 289, 311.4(d)(1) and 647.6.
- 28. As set forth herein, Sepe was an adult male employed by AUHSD as a teacher at Savanna HS. In such capacity, Sepe was under the direct supervision, employ, agency, and control of AUHSD and DOES 1-10. Therefore, AUHSD had a special relationship with Sepe, and thus a duty to warn and protect Plaintiff from harm by Sepe.
- 29. At all times relevant herein, Sepe's duties and responsibilities with AUHSD included, in part, providing for the supervision, counseling, advisory, educational, and emotional needs and well-being of the students of Savanna HS.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times relevant 30. herein, AUHSD owned, operated, maintained, controlled, and staffed Savanna HS. AUHSD promoted Savanna HS as a safe place where its students could obtain a quality and safe education.
- 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that in hiring Sepe as a teacher, AUHSD gave Sepe full power, control, and authority to provide teaching, mentoring, and/or counseling services to students. By continuing to employ Sepe, AUHSD held Sepe out to be a professional and safe teacher.

- 32. As a teacher, and with the endorsement of AUHSD, Sepe stood in a position of power, respect, confidence, trust, and authority among Plaintiff and numerous other minor students. Defendants lodged with Sepe the color of authority, through which they were able to influence, direct, and assault Plaintiff, and to act illegally, unreasonably, and without respect for the person and safety of Plaintiff.
- 33. At all times relevant hereto, AUHSD was responsible for the supervision of its employees' and agents' activities, including those of Sepe, and assumed responsibility for the well-being of the minors in its care, including Plaintiff.
- 34. Additionally, as minor children under the custody, care, and control of Defendants, Defendants stood *in loco parentis* with respect to Plaintiff while she attended class, other educational and extracurricular activities, and other school-related functions associated with Savanna HS. As the responsible party and/or employer controlling Sepe, AUHSD also was in a special relationship with Plaintiff and owed special duties to Plaintiff.
- 35. Prior to and during the sexual harassment, molestation, and assault of Plaintiff, AUHSD knew or should have known, or was otherwise on notice, that Sepe had violated his role as a teacher and used his position of authority and trust acting on behalf of AUHSD to gain access to children, including Plaintiff, on and off AUHSD's facilities and grounds, which Sepe used to inappropriately touch, molest, abuse, and assault Plaintiff.
- 36. AUHSD is liable both directly and as a result of vicarious liability for the failure of its administrative staff to reasonably supervise its employees. *See C.A. v. Williams S. Hart Union High School Dist.* (2012) 53 Cal.4th 861, 868.
- 37. It simply cannot be disputed under California law that a special relationship and heightened duty extended to Plaintiff in these circumstances. "A special relationship is formed between a school district and its students resulting in the imposition of an affirmative duty on the school district to take all reasonable steps to protect its students." *See M.W. v. Panama Buena Vista Union School Dist.* (2003) 110 Cal. App. 4th 508, 517, 520.
- 38. Pursuant to the inquiry notice standards applicable to this situation "[i]t is not necessary to prove that the very injury which occurred must have been foreseeable by the school

authorities in order to establish that their failure to provide additional safeguards constituted negligence. Their negligence is established if a reasonably prudent person would foresee that injuries of the same general type would be likely to happen in the absence of such safeguards." *J.H. v. Los Angeles Unified School Dist.* (2010) 183 Cal. App.4th 123, 146. Furthermore, it is well-settled that "[f]oreseeability is determined in light of all the circumstances and does not require prior identical events or injuries." *M.W., supra,* 110 Cal. App 4th at 516.

- 39. Specific acts of grooming, in and of themselves, may constitute sexual assault. Cal. Penal Code § 647.6. It is also foreseeable to AUHSD that Sepe's grooming behaviors could lead to more severe acts of sexual assault if unchecked. This is particularly true in light of the specific grooming that took place in this case.
- 40. AUHSD had inquiry notice of the risks presented by Sepe, as alleged herein, and had special relationships with Sepe and Plaintiff that required it to warn and protect Plaintiff from the abuse by Sepe.
- 41. Defendants had a duty to disclose these facts to Plaintiff, her parents, and others, but negligently and/or intentionally suppressed, concealed, or failed to disclose this information for the express purpose of maintaining Sepe's image as an ethical, wholesome, safe, and trusted teacher and coach. The duty to disclose this information arose from the special, trusting, confidential, fiduciary, and *in loco parentis* relationship between Defendants and Plaintiff.
- 42. On information and belief, Defendants ratified and authorized Sepe's sexual assaults of Plaintiff by (1) failing to properly investigate Sepe and the numerous instances of behavior that put AUHSD on notice that Sepe had sexually assaulted Plaintiff; (2) failing to supervise and/or stop Sepe from committing wrongful acts with minor children; (3) actively shielding Sepe from responsibility for his sexual assaults of Plaintiff; (4) allowing Sepe to groom and yield authority over minor students as a teacher of AUHSD; (5) failing to take reasonable steps or implement reasonable safeguards to protect Plaintiff and other minor children in their charge from the risk of sexual assault, harassment, and molestation, including by failing to enact or follow adequate policies and procedures or failing to ensure their policies and procedures were followed; (6) failing to properly warn, train or educate AUHSD's staff members about how to spot red flags in other staff members'

behavior with minor students; (7) failing to report Sepe's abuse of Plaintiff to law enforcement when staff members and faculty first entertained suspicions of Sepe's inappropriate and flirtatious relationship with Plaintiff; (8) failing to immediately terminate Sepe's employment with AUHSD upon the presentation of complaints to AUHSD; (9) re-hiring Sepe and transferring him to another school with AUHSD after his sexual abuse of students was discovered, thereby ratifying the assaults; and (10) holding out Sepe to the AUHSD community at large as being in good standing and trustworthy as a person of stature and integrity.

43. As a direct and proximate result of Plaintiff's sexual assaults by Sepe, which was enabled and facilitated by AUHSD, Plaintiff has suffered injury, all to Plaintiff's general, special, and consequential damage in an amount to be proven at trial, but in no event less than the minimum jurisdictional amount of this Court.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENCE

(Against All Defendants)

- 44. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 45. Pursuant to California Government Code section 815.2, Defendants are liable for injuries proximately caused by the acts or omissions of its employees, agents, servants and/or joint venturers, where such acts or omissions were within the course and scope of employment.
- 46. Defendants' conduct, actions, and omissions served to create an environment in which Sepe was afforded years of continuous secluded access to minor children, including Plaintiff, who were sexually abused, molested and assaulted by Sepe between the ages of 14 and 17 years old.
- 47. Compulsory education laws create a special relationship between students and Defendants, and students have a constitutional guarantee to a safe, secure, and peaceful school environment. Defendants failed to acknowledge and correct unsafe conditions and red flags in Sepe's behavior, and therefore failed to guarantee safe surroundings in an environment in which Plaintiff was not free to leave. Because of the special relationship with Plaintiff, AUHSD had a duty to protect her from peril.

- 48. As is set forth herein, Defendants have failed to uphold numerous mandatory duties imposed upon them by state and federal law, and by written policies and procedures applicable to Defendants, including, but not limited to, the following: (1) duty to use reasonable care to protect students from known or foreseeable dangers; (2) duty to protect students and staff and provide adequate supervision; (3) duty to supervise faculty and students and enforce rules and regulations prescribed for schools in an effort to create appropriate conditions conducive to learning; (4) duty to act promptly and diligently and not ignore or minimize problems; (5) duty to warn Plaintiff and other students of potential harm; and (6) duty to refrain from violating Plaintiff's right to protection from bodily restraint or harm.
- 49. Defendants had and have a duty to protect students, including Plaintiff, who were entrusted to Defendants' care. Defendants owed Plaintiff, as minors at the time, a special duty of care, in addition to a duty of ordinary care, and owed Plaintiff the higher duty of care that adults dealing with minors owe to protect them from harm. Defendants were required, but failed, to provide adequate supervision and failed to be properly vigilant in ensuring that such supervision was sufficient to ensure the safety of Plaintiff and others.
- 50. Defendants were required but failed to exercise careful supervision of the moral conditions in their school. This duty extended beyond the classroom. Defendants had a duty to put rules and regulations in place to protect their students from the possibility of childhood sexual abuse at the hands of AUHSD's teachers, staff, employees, and volunteers, regardless of the location of the abuse itself. Instead AUHSD turned a blind eye to the sexual exploitation of minors under its care by its employees.
- 51. Moreover, the teachers, administration, and staff at AUHSD had a duty under the California Child Abuse and Neglect Act to report instances where they knew or reasonably suspected a child has been the victim of child abuse. Based on the comments various teachers made to Plaintiff regarding Sepe, those teachers had a reasonable suspicion of child abuse, and therefore had a duty to report to a child protective agency, but failed to comply with that duty.
- 52. Defendants had a duty to and failed to adequately train and supervise all counselors, advisors, teachers, administrators, mentors and staff to create a positive, safe, and educational

environment. Such specific obligations include training to perceive, report and stop inappropriate conduct with minors by other members of the staff, employees, and volunteers. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to institute reasonable measures to protect Plaintiff and other minor children in their charge from the risk of sexual assault, harassment and molestation by Sepe by properly warning, training, or educating AUHSD's staff members about how to spot red flags in other staff members', employees', and volunteers' behavior with minor students.

- 53. As a teacher at Savanna HS, Sepe had unique access to, and held a position of authority among, students who were attending Savanna HS and their families who either belonged to and attended AUHSD or approved of their minor children doing so, like Plaintiff's parents.
- 54. Defendants, by and through its agents, servants, and employees, knew or reasonably should have known of Sepe's sexually abusive and exploitative propensities and/or that Sepe was an unfit agent. It was foreseeable that if Defendants did not adequately exercise or provide the duty of care owed to minors in their care, the minors entrusted to Defendants' care would be vulnerable to sexual assault by Sepe.
- 55. Defendants breached their duty of care to Plaintiff by (1) failing to properly investigate Sepe and the numerous instances of behavior that clearly raised red flags; (2) failing to supervise and/or stop Sepe from committing wrongful acts with minor children; (3) actively shielding Sepe from responsibility for his sexual assaults of Plaintiff; (4) allowing Sepe to groom and yield authority over minor students on and off campus; (5) failing to take reasonable steps or implement reasonable safeguards to protect Plaintiff and other minor children in their charge from the risk of sexual assault, harassment, and molestation, including by failing to enact or follow adequate policies and procedures or failing to ensure their policies and procedures were followed; (6) failing to properly warn, train or educate AUHSD's staff members about how to spot red flags in other staff members' behavior with minor students; (7) failing to report Sepe's abuse of Plaintiff to law enforcement when staff members and faculty first entertained suspicions of Sepe's inappropriate and flirtatious relationship with Plaintiff; (8) failing to immediately terminate Sepe's employment with AUHSD upon the presentation of complaints to AUHSD; (9) retaining Sepe and transferring him to another school with AUHSD after his sexual abuse of students was discovered,

thereby ratifying the assaults; and (10) holding out Sepe to the AUHSD community at large as being in good standing and trustworthy as a person of stature and integrity.

- 56. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' multiple and continuous breaches, Plaintiff has suffered injury, all to Plaintiff's general, special, and consequential damage in an amount to be proven at trial, but in no event less than the minimum jurisdictional amount of this Court.
- 57. As a result of the above-described conduct, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, anxiety, a lost sense of trust, and were prevented and will continue to be prevented from performing daily activities and obtaining the full enjoyment of life, all in an amount exceeding the jurisdictional minimum of the Superior Court according to proof at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT SUPERVISION AND RETENTION

(Against All Defendants)

- 58. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges and incorporates herein by reference all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 59. Pursuant to California Government Code section 815.2, AUHSD is liable for injuries proximately caused by the acts or omissions of its employees, agents, servants and/or joint venturers, where such acts or omissions were within the course and scope of employment.
- 60. As an educational institution entrusted with the care of minors, where all students are entrusted to the teachers, counselors, advisors, mentors, faculty members, volunteers and administrators, AUHSD expressly and implicitly represented that these individuals, including Sepe, were not a sexual threat to minors and others who would fall under Sepe's influence, control, direction, and guidance.
- 61. It is well-settled that a school district, such as AUHSD, has a duty to supervise its students and employees. Supervision requires more than simply the presence of staff or administration on campus. It requires the knowledge and care as an institution as to the types of foreseeable harm that a student may encounter, and protecting against those harms by establishing,

implementing, and enforcing adequate policies and procedures. Supervision requires adequate training, adequate staff, and adequate involvement by staff and administration.

- 62. AUHSD failed to provide such supervision to the Plaintiff by allowing Sepe to be alone with minor students in violation of its own policies and/or the applicable standard of care. AUHSD failed to take reasonable measures to prevent the grooming and childhood sexual abuse of its students.
- 63. On information and belief, AUHSD did not have in place a system or procedure to reasonably investigate, supervise and monitor teachers, employees, staff, and volunteers nor safeguards designed to prevent sexual grooming and sexual abuse of children. Even if such procedures existed on paper, AUHSD did not implement any system or procedure to oversee or monitor conduct towards minors, students and others in its care during the time period at issue.
- 64. Once hired by AUHSD, Sepe undertook to openly and obviously groom multiple students, including Plaintiff. It thus appears that school leadership, staff and employees were not able to recognize the signs of grooming by Sepe due to inappropriate training or lack thereof. Even when they did recognize the signs of an inappropriate and flirtatious relationship with Plaintiff, as evidenced by the comments the teachers made to Plaintiff, teachers, administrators, and faculty failed to report their suspicions to law enforcement.
- 65. On information and belief, had school leadership and staff been trained to recognize red flags associated with grooming, they would have undertaken to cease, report and stop the behavior of Sepe before Plaintiff was actually sexually assaulted.
- 66. By the time Plaintiff was sexually abused by Sepe, AUHSD knew or should have known of the ongoing grooming and abuse of Plaintiff, but due to its lack of training, failed to recognize those signs. Furthermore, even if they did recognize the signs or have suspicions regarding Sepe's abuse of Plaintiff, the faculty, administration, and staff of AUHSD did not report their suspicions to law enforcement.
- 67. AUHSD was aware or should have been aware of its students' significant vulnerability to sexual harassment, molestation and assault by mentors, advisors, teachers, counselors, employees, staff, volunteers, and other persons of authority within AUHSD.

	68.	Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to provide reasonable supervision of Plaintiff and			
Sepe; t	o use re	asonable care in investigating Sepe; and to provide adequate warning to Plaintiff and			
her family, and to families of other minor students who were entrusted to Sepe, of Sepe's sexually					
abusive and exploitative propensities and unfitness.					

- 69. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty not to retain Sepe given their actions as described herein, which Defendants knew, or should have known had they engaged in a meaningful and adequate investigation of the allegations of sexual assault of Plaintiff and other minor students at AUHSD, or red flags in Sepe's behavior.
- 70. Defendants failed to properly evaluate Sepe's conduct and performance as an employee of, or provider of services to Defendants, and failed to exercise the due diligence incumbent upon employers to investigate employee misconduct, or to take appropriate disciplinary action. Defendants negligently continued to retain Sepe in service as teacher, which enabled him to continue engaging in the sexually abusive and predatory behavior described herein.
- 71. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' multiple and continuous breaches, Plaintiff has suffered injury, all to Plaintiff's general, special, and consequential damage in an amount to be proven at trial, but in no event less than the minimum jurisdictional amount of this Court.
- 72. As a result of the above-described conduct, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, anxiety, a lost sense of trust, and were prevented and will continue to be prevented from performing daily activities and obtaining the full enjoyment of life, all in an amount exceeding the jurisdictional minimum of the Superior Court according to proof at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief against Defendants:

- 1. For past, present, and future general damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
- 2. For past, present, and future special damages, including but not limited to economic damages and others in an amount to be determined at trial;
 - 3. Any appropriate statutory damages;

1	4.	For cost of suit;	
2	5.	For interest as allowed by law; and	
3	6.	For such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.	
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5	DATED: (October 31, 2022 GREENBERG GROSS LLP	
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7		By:	
8		Brian L. Williams Jemma E. Dunn Roilea B. Balbarr	
9		Bailee B. Pelham	
10		JEFF ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES Michael Reck Hagaray Manaisty	
11		Hagerey Mengistu Attorneys for Plaintiff	
12		Attorneys for Flamitiff	
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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury in this action for any and all claims so triable.

DATED: October 31, 2022 GREENBERG GROSS LLP

By:
Brian L. Williams
Jemma E. Dunn
Bailee B. Pelham

JEFF ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES Michael Reck

Hagerey Mengistu

Attorneys for Plaintiff